1	RESOLUTION NO. 3742
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3	A RESOLUTION of the Port Commission of the Port of Seattle adopting bylaws
4	governing the organization and transaction of business of
5	the Port of Seattle Commission and repealing Resolutions
6	No. 3611, 3672, 3673, 3689, 3690, 3733, and all other
7	resolutions dealing with the same subject matter.
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9	WHEREAS, the voters of King County authorized and approved the formation of a port
10	district co-extensive with King County to be known as the Port of Seattle in a special election
11	on September 5, 1911; and
12	MULTERAC the Dest of Control Commission is the levely constituted asymptotic holds of
13	WHEREAS, the Port of Seattle Commission is the legally constituted governing body of
14 15	the Port of Seattle; and
16	WHEREAS, the commission now wishes to revise, update, and reorganize its bylaws to
17	reflect its current policies and practices;
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19	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Port Commission of the Port of Seattle that
20	the current Port of Seattle Commission Bylaws, last amended on August 15, 2017, be replaced
21	in their entirety by the text attached as Exhibit A.
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23	ADOPTED by the Port Commission of the Port of Seattle at a duly noticed public meeting
24	thereof, held this day of, 2017, and duly
25	authenticated in open session by the signatures of the commissioners voting in favor thereof
26	and the seal of the commission.
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38	Port of Seattle Commission

39		EXHIBIT A to Resolution 3724
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41		PORT of SEATTLE COMMISSION BYLAWS
42		As proposed for introduction on December 5, 2017
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44	Ar	ticle I – Object
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46	1.	The Port of Seattle was chartered by the voters of King County as a port district by special
47		election on September 5, 1911. The Port of Seattle is a special-purpose municipal
48		corporation of the State of Washington that is governed by the Port of Seattle Commission.
49		The Port of Seattle Commission is authorized to perform its responsibilities under Title 53
50		RCW, and is charged with the responsibility to fulfill particular legislatively mandated
51		purposes and objectives.
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53	2.	These bylaws constitute the rules governing the transaction of business by the duly elected
54		Port of Seattle Commission. Commissioners shall faithfully, ethically, and transparently
55		perform all duties of office and shall abide by the principle that public service is a public
56		trust. It is the goal of these bylaws to outline the transaction of business in a way that
57 59		appropriately safeguards the rights of the majority, minority, and individual within the body
58 50		politic of the Port of Seattle Commission.
59 60	С	Commissioners shall safeguard the mission of the Port of Seattle as a public agency whose
60 61	5.	primary mission shall be to invest public resources to advance trade and commerce,
62		promote industrial growth, preserve limited maritime and aviation resources of unique
63		value for port uses, stimulate economic development, and create jobs. This mission
64		depends upon the transportation of people and goods by air, water, and land, commitment
65		to environmental stewardship, and collaboration with neighboring communities. It ensures
66		economic vitality and a sustainable quality of life for all of the people of King County and
67		the Puget Sound region.
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70	Ar	ticle II – Commissioners
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72	1.	Membership. The members of the Port of Seattle Commission shall be those commissioners
73		duly elected pursuant to the laws of the State of Washington. Election and terms of port
74		commissioners shall be pursuant to applicable law. As elected officials, each commissioner
75		shall exercise the responsibilities of office and be accountable to the general public, the
76		electors of the port district, and one another.
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78	2.	Collegiality. The commission governs the Port of Seattle only when a quorum of its
79		membership is assembled in a properly noticed public meeting and action is taken by the
80		required vote. It is the right of the individual or the minority of commissioners to dissent
81		from the will of the majority, just as it is the right of the majority to act by whatever vote is

right to voice personal opinions on matters under consideration or that are pending final action by the commission. Commissioners have the right to express opinions that differ from the decision of the majority of the commission, provided that each commissioner transparently distinguishes his or her individual opinion from the collective decisions of the commission as a whole.

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89 3. Oath of office. Pursuant to the requirements of RCW 29A.60.280, newly elected 90 commissioners shall take the oath of office required by law during the time period defined 91 by law. The oath shall be administered by a notary public holding the position of 92 commission clerk. Another person gualified to administer oaths may administer the oath of 93 office to newly elected commissioners when compliance with the legally required time 94 period necessitates it. In addition to taking the oath of office required by statute, the 95 commission may arrange for a second, ceremonial opportunity for newly elected 96 commissioners to take their oath of office in a public setting. Provided such commissioners 97 have already taken the oath in the manner required by applicable law, any person may 98 administer the oath in such a ceremonial setting.

100 4. Transparency pledge. Annually, prior to the first public meeting of the year, each101 commissioner shall execute the following transparency pledge:

103 As a duly elected Port of Seattle commissioner, I am responsible for ensuring that the Port of Seattle, a public agency of the state of Washington, conducts its business 104 105 in the open in compliance with the state's Open Public Meetings Act, Chapter 42.30 106 RCW. In fulfillment of my duties to the commission as a body, and in recognition of 107 my responsibilities as an elected official serving the citizens of King County, I give my personal commitment to fostering and maintaining a culture of accountability and 108 transparency within the commission, among Port of Seattle employees, and 109 110 between the Port of Seattle and the citizens of King County. Therefore, I affirm my 111 commitment to openly governing the Port of Seattle pursuant to the Open Public Meetings Act and the state's Public Records Act (Chapter 42.56 RCW). As a 112 113 commissioner, I will support and advance policies and practices that increase the 114 Port's openness and accountability and expand citizen access to the port's decision-115 making consistent with the intent of the Open Public Meetings Act. Signed this day of , , for the term of January 1 through December 31, . 116 117 Commissioner

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9 5. Ethical behavior, conflict of interest, recusal procedure.

(a) Commissioners shall uphold the standard of conduct described in the Port of Seattle
 Code of Ethics for Port Commissioners and shall avoid conflicts of interest and the
 appearance of conflicts of interest when performing their duties as port commissioners.
 Procedures related to alleged misconduct and potential conflict of interest are
 described in the Port of Seattle Code of Ethics for Port Commissioners, implementation
 of which is ensured by the commission's officers and an independent Board of Ethics.

127 (b) If conflicts of interest arise, commissioners shall resolve the conflict pursuant to the requirements of the Code of Ethics for Port Commissioners, including when necessary, 128 129 recusing themselves from any consideration and voting upon the issue that creates the 130 conflict. When recusing, a commissioner shall announce the conflict or apparent conflict of interest prior to deliberation on the matter subject to recusal. Unless a recusing 131 132 commissioner's presence during a public meeting is required in order to preserve a 133 quorum, the commissioner shall leave the meeting room during consideration of 134 business subject to the conflict and may return upon its completion. Abstention from 135 voting does not presume recusal, and is described further in Article VI, Section 2.

137 6. Vacancy in office.

139 (a) A vacancy in the office of port commissioner may occur as provided in Chapter 42.12 140 RCW or by nonattendance at meetings of the port commission for a period of 60 days 141 unless excused by the port commission. In the event a vacancy in the office of port 142 commissioner occurs, such vacancy shall be filled in accordance with RCW 53.12.140 143 pursuant to Chapter 42.12 RCW and other applicable law. The remaining commissioners 144 shall fill the vacancy by appointment no later than 90 days after the creation of the vacancy. If the vacancy is created due to a commissioner resigning his or her position, 145 the commission shall appoint a new commissioner within 90 days of the effective date 146 147 of the resignation.

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(b) Solicitation of applications. The commission shall take the following steps upon provision of a notice of resignation or the creation of a vacancy in the office of port commissioner. Within five business days, the commission shall solicit applications to fill the vacancy by issuing a press release and posting a request for applications on the Port of Seattle website. Applications shall be solicited from citizens in King County interested in being considered for the appointment. All applications for the appointment shall be submitted to the port commission by the deadline noted in the commission's request for applications.

(c) Review and selection of candidates. The commission shall review the applications and
 shall obtain background investigations of the applicants. The commission may conduct
 interviews in public of the most qualified candidates. The commission shall fill the
 vacancy by selecting one candidate by majority vote of its membership in a public
 meeting.

- 164(d) Vacancy in office of three or more commissioners. When a majority of the165commissioner positions fixed by law are vacant, the provisions of RCW 42.12.070 and166applicable law shall govern the filling of the vacancies.
- (e) Appointment until the next election. As provided in Chapter 29A.24 RCW, each person
 appointed to serve in the office of commissioner shall serve until a qualified person is
 elected at the next election at which a member of the governing body normally would

be elected. The person elected shall take office immediately and serve the remainder ofthe unexpired term.

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174 7. Outside boards and commissions. Commissioners may serve on external port-related boards and commissions. No more than two commissioners shall serve on the same 175 176 external board or commission at the same time in order to avoid having a quorum of 177 commissioners at the meetings of such a board or commission. The process for determining 178 committee and external board and commission assignments in consultation with 179 commissioners is described in Article V, Section 3. The president shall make these assignments as described in Article III, Section 5, and shall consider the following factors 180 when determining participation and length of service for commissioners on external boards 181 182 and commissions:

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- (a) The membership and office-holding requirements of the external boards in question;
- (b) The interests of individual commissioners in serving on various external boards; and
 - (c) Whether the port commission is adequately represented on the external boards and commissions needed to effectively advocate for the interests of the Port of Seattle.
- 192 Article III Officers
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194 1. All officers shall serve at the pleasure of the Port of Seattle Commission and shall carry out 195 the responsibilities described in these bylaws. Commission officers may be censured or 196 removed from office at any public meeting of the port commission legally convened in 197 accordance with applicable laws and these bylaws. The Code of Ethics for Port 198 Commissioners shall identify the procedures for addressing complaints of misconduct, 199 abuse of authority, and neglect of the duties of office by officers. If a majority of the commissioners determine that an officer should be censured or removed from office, this 200 201 decision shall require a vote of the majority of commissioners as prescribed by applicable 202 law and these bylaws.

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Election. At the first meeting of each calendar year, the commission shall elect a <u>vice</u>
 president and secretary. As described elsewhere in this article, the vice president shall
 succeed to the office of president in the following calendar year at the expiration of his or
 her term as vice president.

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- 3. Term of office. An officer's term shall run from the date of election until the end of thecalendar year.
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- 212 4. Commission officer vacancy.213
- (a) In the event that a commission officer resigns or is removed from the office of

215 president, vice president, or secretary, a commissioner may be selected to serve out the 216 officer's uncompleted term and shall so serve until the end of the calendar year. When 217 such vacancies arise, they may be filled at any regular or special meeting of the 218 commission. During the temporary absence of any commission officer, the officer next 219 in line shall assume the duties of the absent officer in an acting capacity in the following 220 order of succession, provided that this order of succession does not apply to meetings 221 of committees composed of fewer than a quorum of the port commission:

- (b) In the physical absence of the president, the vice president temporarily shall assume the duties of the president.
- (c) In the physical absence of the vice president, the secretary temporarily shall assume the duties of the vice president.
- (d) In the physical absence of both the president and vice president, the secretary temporarily shall assume the duties of the president.
- 232 5. Duties of the president.

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- (a) Order and decorum. The president shall preside over all public meetings and executive sessions of the Port of Seattle Commission and shall be responsible for maintaining order and decorum in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws.
 - (b) Preliminary agenda. The president shall authorize the formation of the commission's preliminary public meeting agenda and shall propose the agenda for commission approval on the day of the meeting in the appropriate order of business.
- (c) Notice of meetings. The president shall authorize the issuance of such legal notices of public meetings as may be required by law and these bylaws.

(d) Supervision of commission staff. Acting on behalf of the commission, the president shall supervise the commission chief of staff, who in turn shall be responsible for the organization and management of the staff of the office of the commission. Prior to executing any hiring and firing decisions with respect to the professional staff of the office of the commission, all commissioners shall be notified of the proposed decision and a reasonable opportunity shall be given for commissioners to consult on such decisions as time and circumstances warrant.

(e) Committee and external board appointments. In consultation with individual commissioners, the president annually shall appoint commissioners to serve on and chair standing or special committees and to serve on external boards and commissions, subject to the considerations described In Article II, Section 7. As described in these bylaws, the chair of the audit committee shall be the vice president, and therefore the president does not appoint this position. The procedures for consultation and

- appointment of commissioners to committees or external boards and commissions shall
 be pursuant to the requirements of these bylaws related to committee structure.
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- (f) Commission spokesperson. The president shall be the spokesperson for the commission
 in expressing views held collectively by the Port of Seattle Commission that have been
 established by action taken in public session. The president may delegate this role on a
 case-by-case basis. Article VI, Section 3 describes the procedures to be used for
 informal polling of commissioner opinions when circumstances prevent formal action in
 public session.
- (g) Signature of instruments. On behalf of the commission, the president shall sign all
 proclamations adopted in public session. The president shall execute all agreements
 required in the normal course of fulfilling his or her duties. The president shall sign all
 official correspondence and other instruments on behalf of the commission that are
 consistent with the opinions or policy direction of the commission established by public
 action.
 - (h) Other duties of the president. The president shall perform other duties incidental to the office of the president, as established from time to time by the Port of Seattle Commission.
- 280 6. Duties of the vice president.
 - (a) Succession to president. The vice president shall succeed the president for the subsequent calendar year. If he or she is unable to fill the office of president in the calendar year following the completion of his or her term as vice president, the commission shall elect another commissioner to serve as president. A motion to elect a president under these circumstances shall be in order as soon as reasonably possible after the commission learns that the vice president will be unable to serve as president.
 - (b) Audit committee chair. The vice president shall serve as chair of the commission's audit committee. For this reason, the president shall not appoint the chair of the audit committee.
- (c) Other duties of the vice president. The vice president shall perform other duties
 incidental to the office of the vice president, as established from time to time by the
 Port of Seattle Commission.
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- 297 7. Duties of the secretary.
- (a) The secretary shall oversee the proper recording of official actions of the Port of Seattle
 Commission and shall oversee the distribution, retention, and disposition of such
 records as described in these bylaws. To carry out this responsibility, the secretary shall
 coordinate with a commission clerk. The secretary shall present minutes for approval to

- the commission and shall attest to the authenticity of approved minutes by signature.
 When the secretary is physically absent, the presiding officer shall so attest.
- (b) Other duties of the secretary. The secretary shall perform other duties incidental to the
 office of the secretary, as established from time to time by the Port of Seattle
 Commission.
- 310 8. Duties of the commission clerk.

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- (a) There shall be a staff position to perform the duties of a commission clerk. The commission clerk shall be supervised by the commission chief of staff. The work of the commission clerk shall support the secretary as the officer responsible for overseeing the recording of actions of the Port of Seattle Commission.
 - (b) Legal notices. Subject to authorization of the president, as described in Section 5, the commission clerk shall ensure the posting, distribution, retention, and disposition of port commission public meeting notices as may be required by law and these bylaws.
 - (c) Minutes. The commission clerk shall ensure the recording, distribution, retention, and disposition of records of the official actions of the Port of Seattle Commission in accordance with applicable law and best practices.
- 325 (d) Catalogs and indices. The commission clerk shall ensure the collection and cataloguing of policy directives and governance-related resolutions of the Port of Seattle 326 327 Commission. He or she shall coordinate with the office of the port's executive director 328 to ensure that policies and procedures promulgated by the executive leadership of the 329 port are regularly reviewed for conformity with such policy directives. The commission clerk shall maintain such indices of the records of the port commission as are 330 331 considered appropriate to accommodate the normal course of business. At a minimum, 332 the commission clerk shall maintain indices of actions of the port commission contained in its minutes, and the subject matter of adopted resolutions, policy directives, and 333 other formal motions. 334
- (e) Record holder. The commission clerk shall be the record holder and custodian of the 336 337 commission's approved minutes, adopted resolutions, proclamations, formal motions, 338 policy directives, and Delegation of Responsibility and Authority to the Executive Director 339 (General Delegation of Authority). The commission clerk shall be responsible for the recording, distribution, retention, and disposition of these records and any related indices 340 341 pursuant to the procedures provided for in these bylaws. The commission clerk also shall be the record holder of certificates of election of port commissioners, commission 342 343 transparency pledges, lists of commissioner assignments to commission committees and external boards and commissions, and secondary copies of commissioner oaths of office, 344 345 which shall be recorded with the King County recorder's office.
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- (f) Port seal. The commission clerk shall be the custodian of the official Seal of the Port of
 Seattle and shall affix its impression on official instruments whenever required.
- (g) Administration of oaths. The commission clerk shall be the ordinary administrator of the oath of office for newly elected port commissioners as required pursuant to RCW 29A.60.280, shall ensure the recording of such oaths with the King County Recorder's Office, and shall provide other notarial services as required in the regular course of business. If the commission clerk is not available to administer the oath of office during the time period required pursuant to RCW 29A.60.280 or other law, another official authorized to administer oaths pursuant to Chapter 5.28 RCW may administer the oath, a copy of which shall be provided to the commission clerk for submission to the recorder's office. The provisions of this section are intended to ensure compliance with legal requirements and do not preclude additional public oath-of-office ceremonies.
 - (h) Notice of adjournment. When circumstances prevent assembly of a quorum of port commissioners at the scheduled place or time, the commission clerk shall call the scheduled meeting to order exclusively for the purpose of adjourning to another time or location and shall ensure the posting of a notice of adjournment as described elsewhere in these bylaws.
 - (i) Public comment. When the public is invited to comment pursuant to the provisions of law or these bylaws, the commission clerk shall assemble a list of speakers.
 - (j) Roll-call votes. When a vote by roll call is required pursuant to the rules of order, the commission clerk shall call the roll, announce the result to the presiding officer, and record the votes so cast. The presiding officer shall announce the decision of the commission on any motion.
 - (k) Parliamentarian. When questions of order arise, the commission clerk may advise the presiding officer at the officer's discretion based on the commission's rules of order and established parliamentary authority.
 - (I) Other duties of the clerk. The commission clerk shall perform other duties consistent with the responsibilities of a municipal clerk as may be required from time to time.
 - (m) Delegation of duties. The duties of the commission clerk may be performed on a temporary basis by a deputy commission clerk or suitable delegate, as circumstances require.

- 387 Article IV Meetings
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- 389 1. Public meetings.
- (a) All meetings of a quorum of port commissioners shall be open to the public as required
 by law and these bylaws; provided deliberations may be closed to the public pursuant
 to the exemptions provided for explicitly in state law and in accordance with the
 procedures required by statute and these bylaws.
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- 396 (b) Record of proceedings. A record of all actions of the port commission taken during its 397 public meetings shall be kept by the commission clerk and shall be made available to 398 the public in the form of minutes approved by the port commission. When the 399 commission has approved the minutes of a meeting, the minutes so approved shall 400 represent the sole, final, and considered determination of the commission as to the 401 actions contained therein, superseding all statements made by commissioners at the 402 meeting. Unless prevented by extenuating circumstances, regular meetings shall, and 403 special meetings may, be recorded electronically.
- 405 2. Quorum. A majority of the persons holding the office of port commissioner at any time shall constitute a quorum of the port commission for the transaction of business. No 406 407 business of the port commission shall be transacted unless there are in office at least a 408 majority of the full number of commissioners fixed by law, except as otherwise may be 409 provided for by law. No action defined by statute as the transaction of the official business 410 of a public agency shall occur in the absence of a quorum. In the absence of a quorum, 411 individual commissioners may participate in informational presentations. Such presentations are not deliberations of the Port of Seattle Commission, and comments made 412 413 by individual commissioners in this context are not directions binding on the executive 414 director or other agents of the Port of Seattle. In the event a public meeting is interrupted 415 by the loss of a quorum of commissioners, the presiding officer shall announce that the commission meeting has been adjourned or recessed due to the absence of a quorum 416 417 before continuing with further informational presentations.
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- 419 **3.** Absences.
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- (a) Failure to attend port commission meetings for a period of 60 days unless excused by the commission shall constitute a vacancy in office as described in RCW 53.12.140. When commissioners are absent from meetings in order to attend to other port business, such absences shall be deemed excused. Absences shall be noted in the meeting minutes as either "excused" or "absent."
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- (b) Remote participation. Commissioners shall attend public meetings of the Port of Seattle
 Commission in person unless prevented from doing so by extenuating circumstances.
 Commissioners who are unable to attend in person may participate in meeting
 deliberations electronically or by telephone, provided the commissioner can interact in

431 deliberations and be heard by the other commissioners and others attending the 432 meeting. Commissioners participating in a meeting in this manner shall be counted for 433 purposes of establishing a quorum and shall vote on all matters put for a decision as 434 long as they are present at the time of the vote. Except in cases of special meetings called to deal with an emergency involving injury or damage to persons or property or 435 the likelihood of such injury or damage as described in RCW 42.30.080, at least one 436 437 commissioner shall be physically present to preside over a public meeting when other 438 commissioners are participating electronically or by telephone.

440 **4**. Regular meetings.

- 441 442 (a) Date, place, and time. Regular meetings of the Port of Seattle Commission shall be held 443 on the second and fourth Tuesdays of every month except December. In December, 444 regular meetings shall be held on the second and third Tuesdays. The meeting held on 445 the second Tuesday of the month shall be held at port headquarters at Pier 69, 2711 Alaskan Way, Seattle, Washington. When a regular meeting is held on the fourth 446 Tuesday of the month, it shall be held at the conference center at Seattle-Tacoma 447 448 International Airport, 17801 International Boulevard, Seattle, Washington. The meeting held on the third Tuesday of December shall be held at the conference center at 449 Seattle-Tacoma International Airport, 17801 International Boulevard, Seattle, 450 Washington. Regular public meetings shall be convened at 12:00 noon. When an 451 452 executive session is to be held, the regular meeting may convene at 11:00 a.m. and 453 shall immediately recess to an executive session that shall be closed to the public, after 454 which the public session shall reconvene at 12:00 noon. When a regular meeting falls on 455 a holiday, such regular meeting shall be rescheduled as soon as possible thereafter. Regular public meetings held pursuant to the schedule described in this section shall 456 457 not require additional publication of notice; however, notice similar to that provided for 458 special meetings may be provided for regular meetings. 459
- (b) Cancellation. Regular or special meetings may be cancelled by authorization of the 460 president or by written request of a majority of the membership of the commission. 461 462 Such a request shall be provided to the president and the commission clerk at least 25 hours in advance of the scheduled convening time of the meeting to be cancelled. The 463 commission clerk shall issue notice of such cancellations no later than 24 hours in 464 465 advance of the scheduled convening time pursuant to the same procedures required for notice of special meetings. Meetings requiring cancellation less than 24 hours in 466 467 advance of the scheduled convening time due to extenuating circumstances shall be convened at the scheduled time and immediately adjourned as otherwise provided for 468 in this section. 469
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471	5.	Order of business for regular meetings.
472 473 474 475		(a) The order of business for regular meetings shall be as follows, subject to the conditions specified in this section:
476		Call to Order
477		Executive Session
478		Approval of the Agenda
479		Executive Director's Report
480		Public Comment
481		Unanimous Consent Calendar
482		Special Orders
483		Authorizations and Final Actions
484		Presentations, Reports, and Staff Briefings
485		Questions on Referral to Committee
486		Adjournment
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488		(b) Call to order. At the time specified by notice or these bylaws, the presiding officer shall
489		call the meeting to order, announce the date, location, and convening time, and
490		announce the presence of those commissioners constituting a quorum. When using the
491		regular order of business, upon establishing a quorum, the presiding officer shall
492		announce any absences and shall lead the commissioners and public assembled in
493		reciting the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag before continuing with other public
494		business.
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(c) Executive session. An executive session closed to the public may be held as described
elsewhere in these bylaws for the purposes permitted by state law. When an executive
session is held prior to transacting public business pursuant to the procedures in these
bylaws, the commission shall reconvene in public session and may again recess into
executive session as provided for by law.

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502 (d) Approval of the agenda. Following convening of the public session of a meeting using 503 the regular order of business, the presiding officer shall call for approval of the day's 504 agenda by putting the question for the revision of the proposed agenda. If any 505 commissioner objects to the day's agenda, the commissioner shall offer an amendment 506 to add to, remove from, or reorder items on the preliminary agenda. If there are no 507 amendments offered for the day's agenda, the proposed agenda shall be deemed 508 approved without objection. Any commissioner present at the time of approval of the agenda may remove an item from the consent calendar for separate consideration and 509 510 vote. Removal of an item from the consent calendar by a commissioner shall not require a vote of the other commissioners attending the meeting unless the proposal is 511 to remove the item from the day's agenda altogether. Any other amendments to the 512 513 agenda shall be decided in the order moved and shall require a second to be 514 considered. The approved agenda, including any successful amendments, shall

515 constitute the specific order of the day. Upon approval of the agenda, proposed 516 motions requesting commission approval or authorization on the agenda shall be 517 considered filed with the commission clerk, in the possession of the commission, and 518 shall not be withdrawn or amended except by a vote of a majority of the membership. 519 Further changes to the approved agenda may be made later in the meeting and shall 520 require a two-thirds vote for passage. Items shall not be added to the agendas of 521 special meetings at the time of approval of the agenda.

- (e) Executive director's report. The executive director may make a brief report and announcements to the commission on matters relevant to commission deliberations prior to consideration of the orders of the day.
- (f) Public comment. The commission may accept public comment at a regular or special
 meeting and shall accept public testimony during public hearings and at other times as
 required by law. Submission of written comment to the commission shall be
 encouraged.
- 532 (g) Unanimous consent calendar. Items on the consent calendar shall include routine matters and actions considered by the president to have general consensus of all 533 commissioners, including approval of the minutes of prior meetings available for 534 535 commission approval. Resolutions may be included on the consent calendar for final 536 adoption if they are routine and considered by the president to have general consensus 537 of all commissioners, have been introduced on a prior day, and do not require a public 538 hearing or amendment. Items on the consent calendar shall not be subject to discussion 539 or debate and shall be decided by a single vote. Any commissioner present at the time of consideration of approval of the agenda may request removal of an item from the 540 541 unanimous consent calendar for separate consideration and vote. Items removed from the consent calendar for separate consideration and vote shall become special orders 542 543 for the day and shall be taken up following those items previously scheduled for consideration as special orders. 544
 - (h) Special orders. Special orders of business are items designated to be considered at a particular time in the orders of the day. Special orders of business shall be listed on the day's agenda and may include presentations or recognitions of a ceremonial nature, stakeholder engagement sessions, policy roundtables, public hearings, or any actions the commission chooses to take up at a special time on its agenda.
- (i) Authorizations and final actions. Requested authorizations and other final actions
 requiring a decision by the commission shall be listed on the day's agenda and shall be
 considered in their regular order. Authorizations and final actions laid on the table may
 be taken from the table by a vote of a majority of the membership during the same
 session or shall become special orders of business at the next regular meeting of the
 commission or at the meeting specified in the motion to lay on the table.
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- (j) Presentations, reports, and staff briefings. Presentations not requiring immediate final
 action shall be considered during the order of presentations, reports, and staff
 briefings. Final action may be taken on such matters by a majority vote of the
 membership only when all commissioners are present to participate in the meeting.
 - (k) Questions on referral to committee. Matters referred to committees for recommendation in advance of public consideration by the commission may be discharged from committee pursuant to the provisions of Article V.
 - (I) Adjournment. Provided there is no further scheduled business to transact, the commission shall adjourn without the need for a motion for adjournment.
- 571 6. Special meetings.

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573 (a) Any meeting held at a time or location other than as described for a regular meeting 574 pursuant to these bylaws constitutes a special meeting of the Port of Seattle 575 Commission. Special meetings may be called at any time by the president or a majority 576 of the membership of port commissioners, provided notice is issued by the commission clerk in the manner prescribed by law not later than 24 hours in advance of the 577 convening time of a special meeting. The date, time, and location for convening such 578 579 meetings shall be described in the notice for the special meeting as required pursuant 580 to Chapter 42.30 RCW. The call for a special meeting shall include a description of the 581 business to be transacted during the special meeting and final action shall not be taken 582 on any other matter at such meeting. A special meeting may follow the order of 583 business prescribed for a regular meeting.

- 585 (b) Waiver of notice. Written notice issued at least 24 hours in advance of convening a 586 special meeting shall not be required when a special meeting is called to deal with an 587 emergency involving injury or damage to persons or property as described in RCW 42.30.080. The requirement to issue written notice at least 24 hours in advance of 588 589 convening a special meeting may be dispensed with in the case of any commissioner 590 who files with the commission clerk a written waiver of notice prior to the convening of 591 such meeting. Such written notice may also be dispensed with as to any commissioner 592 who is actually present at the time of convening the special meeting. The written waiver 593 of notice shall include the commissioner's signature or similar authentication and shall 594 state the date, time, location, and description of the business to be transacted at the 595 special meeting. The commission clerk shall provide forms for executing notice waivers.
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(c) [intentionally left blank]

(d) Special meetings called by a quorum of commissioners. When a majority of the
 membership of the commission calls a special meeting, the commissioners calling the
 meeting shall notify the president and commission clerk in writing of their intention to
 convene the special meeting. The written request shall indicate the place and time for

603 convening the special meeting and a description of the business to be transacted. This 604 information shall be included in the notice for the special meeting pursuant to the 605 notice requirements of law and these bylaws. Final action shall not be taken on any 606 other matter at such meeting. Such a written notification to call a special meeting by a 607 majority of the membership of the commission shall be delivered to the commission 608 clerk at least 25 hours prior to the convening time of such a special meeting. No special 609 meeting called pursuant to the procedures in these bylaws shall commence earlier than 24 hours after the time of posting of the required meeting notice. 610

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- (e) Special meetings; community engagement. At least twice every year, the commission
 shall hold special meetings for the purpose of engaging the public in the consideration
 of matters relevant to the work of the Port of Seattle. The meeting locations, times, and
 agendas shall be appropriate to the intended participants and shall comply with
 applicable law and these bylaws.
- 7. Adjournment or continuation of a public meeting. Regular and special meetings may be 618 619 adjourned or continued pursuant to the notice requirements of Chapter 42.30 RCW. When 620 a meeting is so adjourned and provided members of the public are present at the time of 621 the adjournment or continuation, the presiding officer or the commission clerk shall 622 announce the place and time to which the meeting is to be adjourned or continued. An 623 order of adjournment shall be posted on or near the door of the room where the meeting 624 was adjourned or continued immediately following the announcement of adjournment or 625 continuation. If no members of the public are present at the time the meeting is adjourned 626 or continued, the announcement may be dispensed with and a copy of the order shall be 627 posted as described here.
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8. Executive sessions.

- (a) Executive sessions shall be closed to the public pursuant to the limitations imposed by
 state law, including but not limited to the Open Public Meetings Act, Chapter 42.30
 RCW. No final actions shall be taken during an executive session. Executive sessions
 may be held only during a regular or special meeting of the port commission and may
 be held at any time following convening of the public meeting in accordance with the
 procedures required by statute and described in these bylaws.
- 638 (b) Recessing to executive session; public present. The following procedure shall apply 639 when an executive session is conducted prior to transacting the other business of a regular or special meeting and when the public is present in the scheduled location of 640 the public meeting. A quorum of port commissioners shall assemble at the location of 641 the executive session. Once the required quorum is present and the published time for 642 643 convening the regular or special meeting has arrived, the presiding officer and the 644 commission clerk shall meet in the scheduled location of the public meeting and the 645 presiding officer shall call the meeting to order. If the required quorum of commissioners is present at the location of the executive session but not immediately 646

647 present in the scheduled location of the public meeting, the presider shall announce that such a quorum is present. The presiding officer shall announce the number of 648 649 topics to be discussed in executive session and identify them sufficiently to establish 650 their legal exemption from public deliberation. The announcement shall provide an estimate of the time at which the public session will reconvene, and the public meeting 651 will then immediately stand in recess. The time announced for reconvening the special 652 653 or regular meeting shall not be earlier than the time otherwise published for commencement of the public session of such a regular or special meeting in accordance 654 655 with the notice requirements of Chapter 42.30 RCW.

- 657 (c) Recessing to executive session; public not present. The following procedure shall apply 658 when an executive session is conducted prior to transacting the other business of a 659 regular or special meeting and when the public is not present in the scheduled location 660 of the public meeting. A quorum of port commissioners shall assemble at the location 661 of the executive session. Once the required quorum is present and the published time for convening the regular or special meeting has arrived, the commission clerk shall 662 663 notify the presiding officer that there are no members of the public assembled in the 664 scheduled location of the public meeting, and the announcement procedures of Subsection (b) above may be dispensed with. Under these circumstances, a notice 665 listing the matters to be discussed in executive session and noting the applicable legal 666 667 exemptions from public deliberation shall be posted on or near the door of the scheduled location of the public meeting. This notice shall include the time previously 668 published for reconvening of the public session of the regular or special meeting as 669 670 required under Chapter 42.30 RCW.
- 672 (d) Extension of executive session. The following procedure shall apply when an executive session is conducted prior to transacting other public business of a regular or special 673 674 meeting and the length of the executive session requires extension by more than five 675 minutes. The presiding officer shall return to the public meeting room and announce, or may designate the commission clerk to announce, the extension of the executive 676 677 session pursuant to the requirements of Chapter 42.30 RCW. The announcement of 678 extension shall include a revised time for reconvening the public session, and a quorum 679 of commissioners shall not reconvene the public session at a time earlier than so announced. When an executive session is so extended, a revised notice listing the 680 681 updated time for reconvening the public session, the matters to be discussed in executive session, and the applicable legal exemptions from public deliberation shall be 682 683 posted on or near the door of the scheduled location of the public meeting.
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686 Article V – Committees

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The commission may at any time establish such standing or special committees as it deems
 necessary for the transaction of business. Except as otherwise prescribed in these bylaws,
 the composition and leadership of committees shall be determined by the president. To

691 ensure compliance with Chapter 42.30 RCW and other applicable law related to open public 692 meetings, committees shall include not more than two commissioners and the presence of 693 both commissioners shall be required to establish a quorum for the purpose of conducting 694 the committee's business. Additional committee members may be appointed from among 695 port staff, public stakeholders, or subject matter experts, as appropriate to the scope of the 696 work of the particular committee. Non-commissioners on a committee shall not be counted 697 for purposes of establishing a quorum and shall not vote on any question put to the 698 committee. 699 700 2. Charter required. Every committee shall be established by adoption of a charter that shall 701 include the following information: 702 703 (a) The name of the committee; 704 705 (b) Whether meetings of the committee shall be open to the public; 706 707 (c) If applicable, a schedule of regular committee meetings; 708 709 (d) The scope of the committee's work; 710 711 (e) The extent to which the committee is legally authorized to act on behalf of the 712 commission; 713 714 (f) Whether the committee is authorized to hold public hearings or other public 715 engagement activities; 716 717 (g) The duration of the committee's work; 718 719 (h) Specific outcomes or recommendations expected of the committee in the conduct of its 720 business; and 721 722 (i) Which staff of the Port of Seattle Commission shall support the committee's work. 723 724 3. Committee membership. As noted in Article III above, the president shall appoint 725 commissioners to serve on or chair standing or special committees and on external boards 726 and commissions. Committee and external board and commission assignments shall be 727 developed in consultation with other commissioners according to the following guidelines: 728 729 (a) No later than December 1, the vice president, acting in the capacity of president-elect, 730 shall forward to commissioners expecting to serve on the Port of Seattle Commission in 731 the following calendar year a list of committees and external boards and commissions 732 available for commissioner participation in the new year. The list shall be sent to any 733 newly elected commissioners for whom election results have been certified by 734 December 1. The list shall include the name of the standing or special committee of the commission and the names of all known available external boards and commissions, a
 brief description of the group, and the current commissioner assignments, if any. The
 vice president shall ask commissioners to consider service on the listed groups in the
 coming year and to propose their ranked preferences for such service.

- (b) By no later than December 15, commissioners shall consider and propose in writing their ranked preferences for service on the various committees, boards, and commissions and may propose service on additional committees, boards, or commissions as well. Care shall be taken during the consultation process to comply with legal requirements applicable to open public meetings. The deadline for responding may be extended by consultation with the vice president.
- (c) Having in mind those considerations described above and consulting further with individual commissioners as needed, the vice president shall prepare a preliminary list of committee, board, and commission assignments.
 - (d) No later than the second Tuesday of January, the president shall distribute a preliminary list of assignments for commission committees, and external boards and commissions to commissioners. Commissioners shall have seven days to review the preliminary assignments and may propose revisions.
- (e) During the commission's public meeting on the fourth Tuesday of January, or if such
 meeting is cancelled, at the commission public meeting next held, the president shall
 announce that assignments to committees and external boards and commissions have
 been made, and a copy of the list of assignments shall be entered upon the record of
 the meeting.
- (f) Assignments to committees and external boards and commissions may change during
 the year, and the commission clerk shall maintain an updated list, noting the dates and
 the nature of any revisions. Changes to such assignments shall be made only after
 consulting the commissioners affected, and the president shall provide the commission
 clerk with written notice of any changes.
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4. Standing committees. The charter for a standing committee shall be adopted by resolution, and such resolution shall add such committee to the list of standing committees included in these bylaws. Standing committees shall conduct their business in meetings open to the public with notice provided pursuant to Chapter 42.30 RCW and the notice requirements of these bylaws. The standing committees of the Port of Seattle Commission are the following:

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(a) Audit Committee

5. Special committees. Special committees are those committees established at any time by
 the commission which have a limited purview and limited duration of existence. The
 charter of a special committee shall be adopted by a formal written motion and shall

include the classes of information specified for inclusion in any committee charter as
described in these bylaws. A special committee legally empowered to act on behalf of the
commission, conduct hearings, or take testimony or public comment shall conduct its
business in meetings duly noticed and open to the public. Special committees need not
meet in public session when their membership is less than a quorum of commissioners and
they are not legally authorized to act on behalf of the commission as described above.

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788 7. Attendance at committees by additional commissioners. Because the presence of three or 789 more commissioners at any meeting results in the assembly of a quorum of the port 790 commission, commissioners shall refrain from attending committees to which they are not 791 assigned. When circumstances compel attendance of more than two commissioners at a 792 meeting of a standing or select committee, the additional commissioner(s) planning to 793 attend shall notify the commission clerk in writing of their intention to attend the meeting. 794 Notice to the commission clerk shall be provided at least 25 hours in advance of the time 795 set for convening the meeting. The commission clerk shall provide public notice of the 796 committee meeting where a quorum of commissioners will be present pursuant to the 797 requirements of law and these bylaws.

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799 8. Record of committee proceedings and recommendations. Standing and special committees 800 shall keep records of actions taken and assigned during their deliberations and final 801 recommendations made to the commission. These records shall be prepared by the staff 802 person identified in the committee's charter as its staff coordinator and shall be 803 authenticated by the signature of the committee chair. The commission clerk shall be the 804 record holder for these records and shall make them available for public review. Final 805 recommendations of standing or special committees shall be placed on the agenda of a 806 commission public meeting as soon as practicable and may be discussed by the commission 807 in public session. Unless prevented from doing so by extenuating circumstances, standing 808 committees shall record their deliberations electronically.

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811 Article VI – Rules of Order

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- Parliamentary authority. The rules contained in the current edition of Robert's Rules of
 Order Newly Revised shall govern the commission in all cases to which they are applicable
 and in which they are not inconsistent with these bylaws and any special rules of order the
 commission may adopt.
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- 818 2. Voting.
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- (a) It shall be the responsibility of each commissioner to vote on all questions put for
 action. Commissioners may abstain for any stated reason and shall recuse themselves
 when appropriate to do so because of the appearance of a conflict of interest or

because of an actual conflict of interest. Commissioners shall announce their reasons for abstaining or recusing themselves from a consideration of a matter pursuant to the requirements of these bylaws. Abstentions are neither "yeas" nor "nays" and shall not be counted as part of the vote of the commission. Commissioners who abstain from the consideration of a matter because of the appearance of a conflict of interest or because of an actual conflict of interest shall be subject to rules pertaining to recusal described in Article II, Section 5.

- 831 (b) Motion required. The commission shall transact its business only by motion made by any commissioner, including the presiding officer, participating in a public meeting. A 832 motion is a proposal to take an action, whether verbalized or formalized in writing, such 833 834 as in the form of a resolution or by written motion. Motions shall be decided by the 835 vote prescribed by law, these bylaws, or applicable parliamentary authority. The 836 decision of the commission shall be announced by the presiding officer. Only 837 instructions in the form of a motion adopted by the required vote shall be binding on the executive director or other agents of the Port of Seattle. 838
 - (c) Motions to be seconded. Motions shall require a second to be considered, unless exempt from the need for a second by the adopted parliamentary authority or the provisions of these bylaws.
 - (d) Majority vote. In all cases where a majority vote is required for passage of any question, it shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the commission's membership to pass.
 - (e) Voting procedure. A vote by voice shall be sufficient for the passage of any matter, provided any commissioner may call for a vote by roll call as described in Article III, Section 8. Votes shall be indicated by "yea" for approval or "nay" for objection.
- 852 (f) Unanimous consent. The commission may act by unanimous consent when support for 853 passage of an action is clearly unanimous. In such cases "yeas" and "nays" need not be 854 called for, provided the presider calls for objections and no objections are voiced. Actions taken by unanimous consent are decisions of the commission. The outcome of 855 an action taken by unanimous consent shall be announced by the presider and shall be 856 857 recorded in the minutes as taken "without objection." A single objection to action by 858 unanimous consent shall put the question to a voice vote, or, if requested by any 859 commissioner, a roll-call vote.
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4. Excusing absences. Those commissioners announced by the presider as excused shall be
 deemed excused by unanimous consent of the commissioners present provided there is no
 objection. Upon receipt of an objection to a commissioner's status as excused or absent,
 the presider may correct his or her previous announcement. If there is a further objection

867 or if there is any confusion as to the subject commissioner's status as excused or absent, 868 the presider shall put the question for approval to record the subject commissioner as 869 excused.

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871 5. Amendment of questions. Once a motion has been made or a requested action filed by virtue of its inclusion on an approved agenda, it shall be modified only by amendment. Any 872 873 commissioner, including the presiding officer, may offer an amendment to a question that 874 is subject to amendment. Amendments other than simple amendments to procedural 875 motions shall be offered in writing and their content repeated by the presiding officer prior to taking a vote on the amendment as a subsidiary question. Amendments shall be subject 876 877 to a vote for adoption. Amendments that are not controversial and have clear unanimous 878 support may be adopted by unanimous consent, provided they are submitted in writing and 879 are repeated when the presiding officer announces the outcome of the vote. Amendments 880 adopted by unanimous consent shall be recorded in the minutes as adopted "without 881 objection." Amendments are subsidiary questions and shall be considered after acceptance of a motion and second on the main question to which they are attached and shall be 882 883 decided before the vote on the main question.

- 885 6. Resolutions.
- (a) The port commission shall take action by resolution for actions that are required by law
 to be in resolution form; that repeal or amend actions previously taken by resolution;
 that establish or revise policy directives or governance structures; or that are actions of
 a legislative character, as defined by law and below.
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- (b) Form of resolutions. Resolutions shall be consecutively numbered and shall include a title representative of the resolution's intent with reference to all prior resolutions amended or repealed; a preamble of "whereas" clauses stating the rationale for the action to be taken; a "resolved" clause organized into sections as needed and asserting the proposed action; and a section indicating the date of public adoption with places to affix signatures and the impression of the port seal. The commission clerk shall maintain a form for drafting of resolutions as approved for use by legal counsel.
- (c) Matters of a legislative character. For the purposes of this section, "actions of a legislative character" shall include interagency agreements requiring the corresponding governmental entity to adopt the interagency agreement by ordinance or take similar legislative action as required by law.
- (d) A resolution shall be introduced and adopted by separate votes on the introduction of the resolution and the adoption of the resolution. No resolution shall be adopted on the same day upon which it is introduced, except by unanimous consent of all commissioners as described in these bylaws. Once a motion for introduction of a resolution has been made or a resolution has been introduced through its inclusion on an approved agenda, it shall be modified only by amendment. Commissioners may give

911 their consent to adopt a resolution on the same day it is introduced in person at the 912 meeting during which final passage of the resolution is sought or, in the case of 913 commissioners absent from such meeting, by advance written consent. Written consent 914 for a vote on final passage of a resolution at the same meeting as its first introduction shall include the resolution number or series of numbers, a brief description of the 915 916 resolution(s), the date of the meeting for which such consent is given, and the name 917 and signature or similar authentication of the commissioner giving consent. Such 918 written consent shall be included in the record of the meeting for which the written 919 consent concerning the resolution is granted.

- (e) The commission clerk shall provide a form for the giving of consent to adoption of aresolution on the same day it is introduced.
- (f) The commission clerk shall maintain adopted resolutions pursuant to required retention
 schedules, shall provide for the numbering and indexing of resolutions by subject and
 date of adoption, and shall make all resolutions available for public review.
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928 7. Written motions. Motions that are not procedural in nature shall be submitted in writing 929 for consideration by the commission. Written motions shall include action requests 930 submitted in a commission agenda memorandum and attached to an approved agenda; 931 ceremonial proclamations as described in Section 8 of this article; and amendments to main 932 questions documented on forms provided for that purpose. The commission clerk shall 933 keep a record of adopted formal motions of the Port of Seattle Commission, which shall be 934 sequentially numbered; shall include a brief title and text of the motion and may include a 935 statement in support of the motion; and shall be indexed and made available for public 936 review.

- 938 8. Proclamations. The commission may from time to time take actions of a ceremonial nature
 939 by proclamation. Adopted proclamations shall be signed by the commission president and
 940 shall have the port seal affixed.
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9. Limitation on debate. As a board of less than twelve members, the Port of Seattle
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949 10. Order and decorum. The presiding officer shall be responsible for maintaining order and
 950 decorum during public meetings. Commissioners shall address motions and procedural
 951 inquiries to the presiding officer and may address staff and guest presenters directly during
 952 consideration of a particular matter, provided they have been recognized by the presider.
 953 Those speaking during consideration of any matter shall limit remarks to the matter at
 954 hand, avoiding personalities, vulgarity, insults, inflammatory language, comment about

955others' motives, criticism of past actions, and other comments not germane to the956discussion of the matter at hand. During a public meeting or hearing, commissioners shall957refrain from engaging in dialog with speakers offering public comment, but may request958further information or consultation from the presiding officer or appropriate staff959representative on a topic raised during comment.

961 **11**. Rules governing public comment.

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- (a) Persons wishing to address the commission shall sign up to testify on lists provided by the commission clerk and shall identify the specific agenda item or subject to be addressed. Recorded comment and the identity of speakers shall be public records subject to the disclosure requirements of Chapter 42.56 RCW. The names of speakers shall be recorded in the minutes of the public meeting.
- (b) The time allotted for public oral comment shall be limited to a total of 45 minutes,
 unless extended at the commission's discretion. The presiding officer may limit the time
 allotted to each person, may limit the number of persons speaking on any topic, may
 limit the time allotted to any topic, may limit oral comment to those with new
 information to present, or may otherwise limit oral comment in the interest of order
 and decorum, subject to the will of the commission.
- (c) Testimony related to a public hearing shall be heard during the corresponding public
 hearing, which shall be listed on the day's agenda. The commission may accept further
 oral public comment at other times on the agenda as deemed appropriate by consent
 of a majority of the membership.
- (d) Persons providing oral public comment shall approach the podium or testimony table
 when recognized by the presiding officer and shall use the microphones provided. Each
 speaker shall repeat his or her name for the record, shall identify the agenda item or
 subject to be addressed, and shall address remarks to the commission as a body.
 - (e) Disruptions of commission public meetings are prohibited. Disruptions include but are not limited to the following:
 - Refusal of a speaker to comply with the allotted time set for the individual speaker's public comment;
 - (ii) Outbursts from members of the public who have not been recognized by the presiding officer for public comment;
 - (iii) Delaying the orderly conduct or progress of the public comment period, including interfering with the testimony of others;
- 995 (iv) Directing remarks to the audience;
- (v) Holding or placing of a banner or sign in the commission meeting room in a way that
 endangers others or obstructs the free flow of persons attending the commission
 meeting;

- 999(vi)Leaving the podium or testimony table to physically approach commissioners or1000staff during one's public comment, provided that speakers may offer written1001materials to the commission clerk for distribution before, during, or after their1002testimony to commissioners and may approach the commission clerk to ask1003questions or for direction;
 - (vii) Any behavior that disrupts, disturbs, or otherwise impedes attendance at a commission public meeting.
- (f) If a meeting is interrupted by a disruption as described in these bylaws so as to render the orderly conduct of the meeting not feasible, the presiding officer may recess the meeting or adjourn the meeting to another location pursuant to the provisions of Article IV, Section 7, of these bylaws and may order the meeting room cleared. If a meeting is adjourned due to an interruption, commissioners and staff shall leave the meeting room until the meeting is reconvened.
- 1014 12. Questions for which objection requires offering of an amendment. As noted in these
 bylaws, the following are motions that are normally decided by unanimous consent and
 which require that objection be accompanied by the offering of an amendment to the main
 question:
- (a) Approval of the agenda. The form for the question for approval of the agenda shall be
 put as a call for revisions to the preliminary agenda as proposed, followed by a brief
 pause. Objection shall take the form of an amendment to add to, remove from, or
 reorder items on the preliminary agenda.
- (b) Excusing absences. The form for excusing absences shall be put as an announcement of
 those present, absent, and excused, followed by a brief pause. Objection shall take the
 form of an amendment to the presiding officer's announcement.
- 1028 (c) Approval of the minutes. Minutes typically shall be included on the unanimous consent 1029 calendar. When removed from the consent calendar for separate consideration, the 1030 question shall be on approval of the minutes as proposed and circulated to 1031 commissioners in advance. Objection shall take the form of the offering of an 1032 amendment to correct the record contained in the minutes as proposed. All 1033 commissioners present at the time of the vote to approve the minutes and any 1034 amendments offered to the proposed minutes shall vote on the question put, 1035 regardless of their presence or absence from the meeting for which the subject minutes 1036 have been prepared.
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1038 13. Questions requiring unanimous consent of all commissioners. As noted elsewhere in these
 bylaws, the following motions require unanimous consent of the membership, whether
 present or absent, and an objection has the effect of defeating the question:

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(a) [intentionally left blank]

- (b) Motion to allow adoption of a resolution on the same day it is introduced, as described
 in Article VI, Section 6.
- 1046 14. The waiver of any rule contained in these bylaws shall require either an affirmative vote of
 1047 two-thirds of those voting or the vote explicitly stipulated in these bylaws, whichever is
 1048 more restrictive.
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1051 Article VII – Amendment of Bylaws

- Amendment by resolution. These bylaws may be amended by the commission by resolution duly adopted.
- Publication. The commission clerk shall revise the bylaws to reflect amendments made
 from time to time, shall record a history of revisions to the bylaws, shall make the bylaws
 available for public review, and shall maintain an index to the content of the bylaws.
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10603. At least once every three years, the commission shall refer the bylaws to a governance1061committee for review and recommendation as to any needed revisions.